

Leprosy Act 1892, Queensland

1892 - 1937

Details

The Leprosy Act of 1892 provided for the treatment of lepers as well as their detention and isolation. The Act enabled the Governor-in-Council, by proclamation, to appoint any place to be a lazaret for the reception and medical treatment of lepers. This act was repealed by the 1937 Health Act.

More info

Chronology

- Leprosy Act 1892, Queensland (1892 1937)
 - Health Act 1937, Queensland (1937 current)

Related Entries

Related Organisations

- Peel Island Lazaret (31 May 1907 5 August 1959)
 - The Leprosy Act provided for the treatment of lepers as well as their detention and isolation. It also allowed for the government to appoint any place to be a lazaret for the reception and medical treatment of lepers.
- Dayman Island Lazaret (9 May 1889 1892)
 - The Leprosy Act provided for the treatment of lepers as well as their detention and isolation. It also allowed for the government to appoint any place to be a lazaret for the reception and medical treatment of lepers.
- Friday Island Lazaret (27 October 1892 c. 1907)
 - The Leprosy Act provided for the treatment of lepers as well as their detention and isolation. It also allowed for the government to appoint any place to be a lazaret for the reception and medical treatment of lepers.
- Fantome Island Lazaret (1939 1973)
 - The Leprosy Act provided for the treatment of lepers as well as their detention and isolation. It also allowed for the government to appoint any place to be a lazaret for the reception and medical treatment of lepers.
- Stradbroke Island Lazaret (25 November 1892 1907)
 - The Leprosy Act provided for the treatment of lepers as well as their detention and isolation. It also allowed for the government to appoint any place to be a lazaret for the reception and medical treatment of lepers.

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